

CANDIDATE  
NAME

CENTRE  
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE  
NUMBER

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**ACCOUNTING**

**9706/23**

Paper 2 Structured Questions

**May/June 2017**

**1 hour 30 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs or for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

Answer **all** questions.

All accounting statements are to be presented in good style.

International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.

Workings must be shown.

You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **14** printed pages and **2** blank pages.

1 Ramadhin, Statham and Trueman formed a partnership on 1 January 2016.

The draft profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 before appropriation was \$232 000, but did not account for the following:

1 A non-current asset costing \$20 000 was purchased on 1 July 2016. No depreciation has been charged on this asset.

The partnership's policy is to charge depreciation at 20% using the reducing balance method on all assets.

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of purchase and none in the year of disposal.

2 Some inventory which had been valued at a cost of \$15 000 had been damaged. The mark-up on inventory is 100%. The damaged inventory could only be sold for 20% of the normal selling price.

**REQUIRED**

(a) Calculate the **adjusted** profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 before appropriation.

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..... [4]

**Additional information**

On 1 January 2016 Ramadhin, Statham and Trueman had introduced capital of \$600 000 in their agreed profit and loss sharing ratio of 3 : 2 : 1 respectively.

The other terms of the partnership agreement were as follows:

- 1 Interest of 6% per annum is to be paid on the opening capital account balances.
- 2 Each partner is to take drawings of \$10 000 per annum. Interest is to be charged on total annual drawings at 4% per annum.
- 3 Trueman is to receive a salary of \$1000 per month.



(c) Explain why partners may value goodwill and revalue the assets when one partner retires.

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..... [3]

**Additional information**

Trueman received an offer of employment which would provide him with a gross annual income of \$50 000. He decided to accept the offer and leave the partnership on 31 December 2016.

At that date goodwill was valued at \$12 000.

It was also agreed that the partnership assets should be revalued at \$7500 less than their net book values.

Trueman agreed to leave 40% of the balance due to him as a loan to the partnership at an interest rate of 10% per annum. The remainder was paid to him from the business bank account.

**REQUIRED**

(d) Prepare a statement showing the amount that Trueman received on leaving the partnership.

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..... [8]





Use this space for your workings.

[11]

(b) State **three** advantages and **one** disadvantage to a limited company of making a bonus issue of shares.

Advantages

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

Disadvantage

1 .....

[4]

[Total: 15]

[Turn over

3 Stapleton provided the following information for the year ended 30 April 2016:

	\$
Opening inventory	25 200
Gross profit	37 150

Additional information

- 1 All goods were sold to achieve a 20% gross margin.
- 2 Cash sales were \$18 575. All other sales were on a credit basis.
- 3 All purchases were on a credit basis.
- 4 Trade receivables at 30 April 2016 were \$16 500.
- 5 Trade payables at 30 April 2016 were \$9500.
- 6 Inventory turnover was 5 times per annum.

**REQUIRED**

(a) Calculate the trade receivables turnover (days). State the formula used.

Formula .....

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Calculation .....

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..... [4]

(b) Calculate closing inventory.

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(c) Calculate the trade payables turnover (days). State the formula used.

Formula .....

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Calculation .....

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..... [4]

(d) State **three** uses of ratio analysis to a trader.

1 .....

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2 .....

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3 .....

..... [3]

[Total: 15]

4 Y Limited manufactures three products, Exe, Wye and Zed. The following budgeted information is available for the month of July 2017:

Per unit	Exe	Wye	Zed
Selling price	\$96.00	\$128.00	\$140.00
Direct material at \$4 per kilo	7 kilos	9 kilos	15 kilos
Direct labour at \$8 per hour	3 hours	4 hours	4 hours
Machine hours	1.00	2.50	5.00
Variable overhead	\$2.40	\$3.20	\$3.20
Fixed overhead	\$10.00	\$25.00	\$50.00

Maximum monthly demand            100 units    120 units    60 units

Fixed overheads are forecast to be \$7000 per month.

Y Limited has enough resources and capacity to meet the maximum monthly demand.

**REQUIRED**

(a) Calculate the contribution per unit for **each** product.

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(b) Prepare a statement to show the maximum contribution **and** maximum profit that Y Limited can earn for the month of July 2017.

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(c) Calculate the **total** machine hours required to meet maximum demand for the month of July 2017.

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**Additional information**

The following information is available for another division of Y Limited. The division operates a system of absorption costing with two production departments.

	Department 1	Department 2
Budgeted overheads	\$560 000	\$304 000
Actual overheads	\$533 000	\$294 000
Budgeted labour hours	140 000 hrs	46 000 hrs
Actual labour hours	124 000 hrs	54 000 hrs
Budgeted machine hours	27 000 hrs	160 000 hrs
Actual machine hours	33 000 hrs	151 000 hrs

**REQUIRED**

(g) Calculate to **two** decimal places an appropriate overhead absorption rate for **each** department.

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..... [2]

(h) Calculate the over absorption or under absorption of overheads for **each** department.

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..... [4]

**[Total: 30]**



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